

Charcoal Briquette Crystal Growing Project

You will need: 1 charcoal briquette, 1 pie tin, **Charcoal crystal solution** (10ml Ammonia, 50ml laundry bluing, 50ml salt, 100ml water)

1. Mix a batch of crystal solution, stirring well.

*For colorful crystals, add food coloring to solution!

2. Place a piece of charcoal into the pie tin. Pour crystal solution over the top of the charcoal.

3. Over time, crystals will form on top of the charcoal.

*Add more solution to the pie tin for continued crystal growth.

HOW?!?



Charcoal is a very porous and absorbs the solution. Water evaporates from the solution leaving salt crystals behind.

Cave of the Mounds is a solution cave. Water brings calcium carbonate into the cave. Crystals of calcite are deposited, creating cave formations called **speleothems**.

Create-A-Fossil Investigation

YOU WILL NEED: **fine sand, 2 containers (one for the molds/casts, one to mix plaster), quick-set Plaster of Paris and various items to create molds/casts.**

1. Fill 2/3 of your container with moistened sand.

2. Press objects into the moist sand—Leaves, plastic dinosaurs or bugs, shells and twigs; other items with interesting textures also work well.

3. With the help of an adult, mix Plaster of Paris and carefully pour into the impressions in the sand.

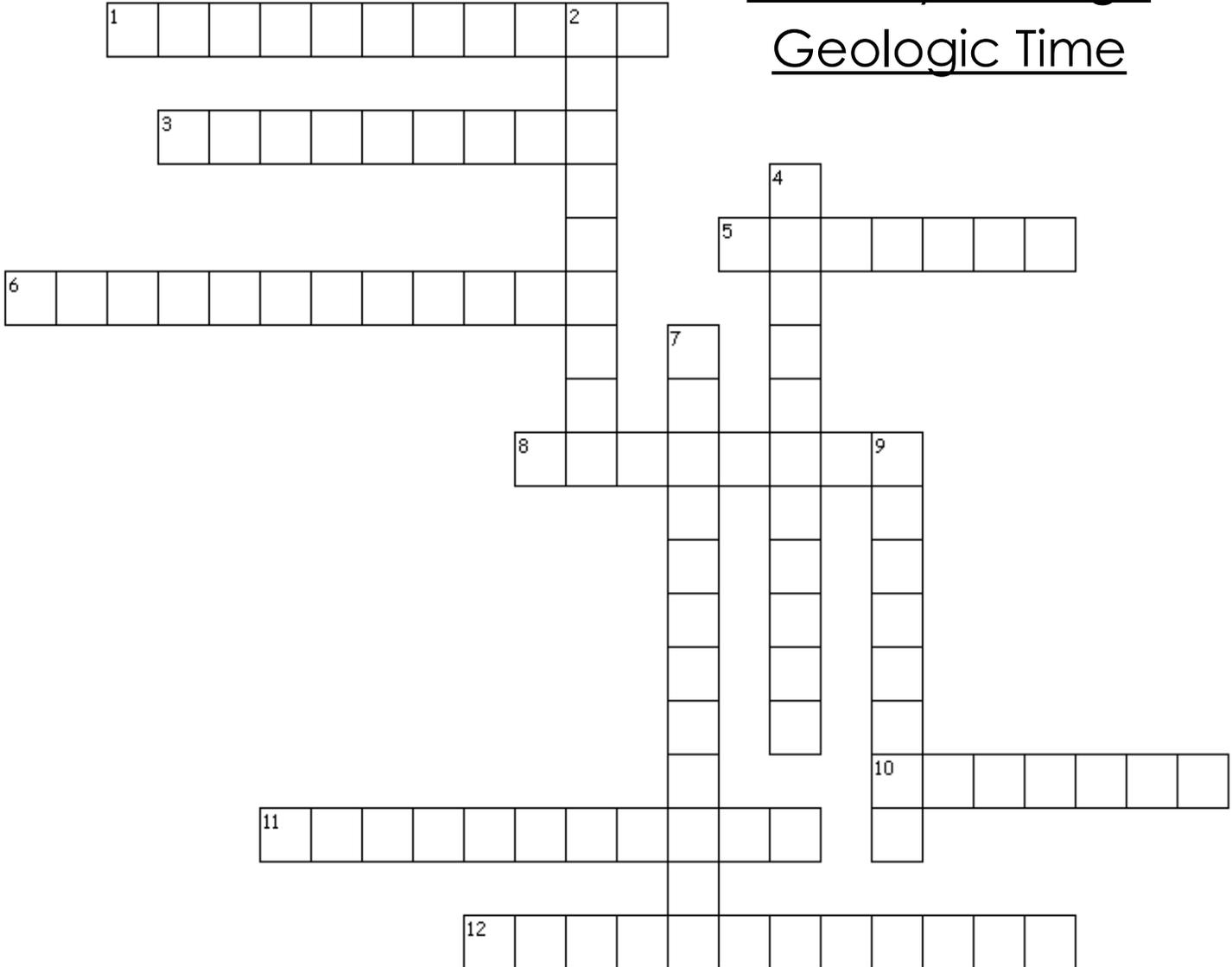
4. Wait patiently for the plaster to dry to the touch, about 30-40 minutes. Then turn container out onto a flat work surface, remove the excess sand, and let the remaining plaster dry. Finally, whisk away dried sand using a small brush and uncover your creation!

What is a fossil?

Fossils are remains of life from the past preserved in rock. The most common types of fossils are molds and casts. A **mold** forms when something is pressed into soft mud and removed by decomposition or pulled out, leaving an impression of the object. A **cast** is a three-dimensional (3-D) example of an object of the past created when a mold fills up with sediment like mud, sand or volcanic ash.



Journey Through Geologic Time



Across

1. The rock type that is layers of compacted and cemented sediments
3. The era that showed the first vertebrate animals.
5. The study of the earth, rocks, and minerals.
6. The study of ancient life and fossils.
8. The era the dinosaurs lived during.
10. The rock type that forms because of cooling lava or magma.
11. The remains of animals that have been replaced by rock and mineral over time.
12. Things that animals have left behind that have been replaced by rock and mineral over time.

Down

2. When one rock type can change into another, it is an example of the _____.
4. The rock that has been changed due to heat and pressure.
7. The span of time that the earth has been in existence is represented by _____.
9. Woolly Mammoths and other mammals are most prolific in this era.

Geologic Time Quiz

Fill in the blanks using the given word bank:

1. _____ rocks form because of heat and pressure.
2. _____ rocks form from cooling lava or magma.
3. _____ rocks form from compacting and cementing sediments.
4. The era with widespread oceans and sea creatures is the _____ era.
5. The two main types of fossils we have are _____ and _____ fossils.
6. The dinosaurs lived during the _____ era.
7. _____ are what make up rocks.
8. The era we are currently living in is the _____ era.

Word Bank

Mesozoic Paleozoic Quartz Body Igneous Trace
Shell Minerals Metamorphic Cenozoic Sedimentary

Geologic Time Quiz Answers

- | | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. Metamorphic | 5. Body & Trace |
| 2. Igneous | 6. Mesozoic |
| 3. Sedimentary | 7. Minerals |
| 4. Paleozoic | 8. Cenozoic |

Crossword Puzzle Answers

Across

1. Sedimentary
3. Paleozoic
5. Geology
6. Paleontology
8. Mesozoic
10. Igneous
11. Body Fossils
12. Trace Fossils

Down

2. Rock Cycle
4. Metamorphic
7. Geologic Time
9. Cenozoic